1	PHILLIP A. TALBERT United States Attorney STEPHANIE M. STOKMAN		
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5	Facsimile: (559) 497-4099 Attorneys for Plaintiff		
6	United States of America		
7	IN THE UNITED STATES DISTRICT COURT		
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9	EASTERN DISTRICT OF CALIFORNIA		
10	UNITED STATES OF AMERICA,	CASE NO. 1:21-CR-00224-DAD-BAM	
11	Plaintiff,	STIPULATION REGARDING EXCLUDABLE	
12	v.	TIME PERIODS UNDER SPEEDY TRIAL ACT; FINDINGS AND ORDER	
13	GERALD DICKERSON, AND	DATE: March 22, 2023	
14	AMY WILLIAMS, Defendants.	TIME: 1:00 p.m. COURT: Hon. Barbara A. McAuliffe	
15	Defendants.		
16	This case is set for status conference on March 22, 2023. On May 13, 2020, this Court issued		
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21	May 2, 2021. This and previous General Orders, as well as the declarations of judicial emergency,		
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26	openenaeaness with p	ing on the record	
27	1 A judgo "may and an aga by agas arrest	tions" at the dispration of that judge "anymon the	
28	request of counsel, after consultation with counse will impact court staff and operations." General	tions" at the discretion of that judge "or upon the el and the Clerk of the Court to the extent such an order Order 618, ¶ 7 (E.D. Cal. May 13, 2020).	

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findings" in a particular case. *Zedner v. United States*, 547 U.S. 489, 509 (2006). "[W]ithout on-the-record findings, there can be no exclusion under" § 3161(h)(7)(A). *Id.* at 507. Moreover, any such failure cannot be harmless. *Id.* at 509; *see also United States v. Ramirez-Cortez*, 213 F.3d 1149, 1153 (9th Cir. 2000) (explaining that a judge ordering an ends-of-justice continuance must set forth explicit findings on the record "either orally or in writing").

Based on the plain text of the Speedy Trial Act—which *Zedner* emphasizes as both mandatory and inexcusable—General Orders 611, 612, 617, and 618 and the subsequent declaration of judicial emergency require specific supplementation. Ends-of-justice continuances are excludable only if "the judge granted such continuance on the basis of his findings that the ends of justice served by taking such action outweigh the best interest of the public and the defendant in a speedy trial." 18 U.S.C. § 3161(h)(7)(A). Moreover, no such period is excludable unless "the court sets forth, in the record of the case, either orally or in writing, its reason or finding that the ends of justice served by the granting of such continuance outweigh the best interests of the public and the defendant in a speedy trial." *Id*.

The General Orders and declaration of judicial emergency exclude delay in the "ends of justice." 18 U.S.C. § 3161(h)(7) (Local Code T4). Although the Speedy Trial Act does not directly address continuances stemming from pandemics, natural disasters, or other emergencies, this Court has discretion to order a continuance in such circumstances. For example, the Ninth Circuit affirmed a two-week ends-of-justice continuance following Mt. St. Helens' eruption. *Furlow v. United States*, 644 F.2d 764 (9th Cir. 1981). The court recognized that the eruption made it impossible for the trial to proceed. *Id.* at 767-68; *see also United States v. Correa*, 182 F. Supp. 326, 329 (S.D.N.Y. 2001) (citing *Furlow* to exclude time following the September 11, 2001 terrorist attacks and the resultant public emergency). The coronavirus is posing a similar, albeit more enduring, barrier to the prompt proceedings mandated by the statutory rules.

In light of the societal context created by the foregoing, this Court should consider the following case-specific facts in finding excludable delay appropriate in this particular case under the ends-of-justice exception, § 3161(h)(7) (Local Code T4). ² If continued, this Court should designate a new date

² The parties note that General Order 612 acknowledges that a district judge may make "additional findings to support the exclusion" at the judge's discretion. General Order 612, ¶ 5 (E.D. Cal. March 18, 2020).

for the status conference. *United States v. Lewis*, 611 F.3d 1172, 1176 (9th Cir. 2010) (noting any pretrial continuance must be "specifically limited in time").

STIPULATION

Plaintiff United States of America, by and through its counsel of record, and defendants, by and through defendants' counsel of record, hereby stipulate as follows:

- 1. By previous order, this matter was set for status on March 22, 2023.
- 2. By this stipulation, defendants now move to continue the status conference until July 12, 2023, and to exclude time between March 22, 2023, and July 12, 2023, under 18 U.S.C. § 3161(h)(7)(A), B(iv) [Local Code T4].
 - 3. The parties agree and stipulate, and request that the Court find the following:
 - a) The government has represented that the discovery associated with this case includes reports, photographs, and audio files. All of this discovery has been either produced directly to counsel and/or made available for inspection and copying. Defense counsel has requested additional discovery and the government is currently in the process of reviewing these requests and working to provide the requested material.
 - b) Counsel for defendants desire additional time to further review discovery, discuss potential resolution with their clients and the government, and investigate and prepare for trial.
 - c) Counsel for defendants believe that failure to grant the above-requested continuance would deny him/her the reasonable time necessary for effective preparation, taking into account the exercise of due diligence.
 - d) The government does not object to the continuance.
 - e) Based on the above-stated findings, the ends of justice served by continuing the case as requested outweigh the interest of the public and the defendant in a trial within the original date prescribed by the Speedy Trial Act.
 - f) For the purpose of computing time under the Speedy Trial Act, 18 U.S.C. § 3161, et seq., within which trial must commence, the time period of March 22, 2023 to July 12, 2023, inclusive, is deemed excludable pursuant to 18 U.S.C.§ 3161(h)(7)(A), B(iv) [Local Code T4] because it results from a continuance granted by the Court at defendants' request on the basis of

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the Court's finding that the ends of justice served by taking such action outweigh the best interest 1 2 of the public and the defendants in a speedy trial. The parties also agree that this continuance is necessary for several reasons, 3 including but not limited to, the need to permit time for the parties to exchange supplemental 4 5 discovery, engage in plea negotiations, and for the defense to continue its investigation and preparation, pursuant to 18 U.S.C. § 3161(h)(7)(A) and 3161(h)(7)(B)(i) and (iv). 6 7 4. Nothing in this stipulation and order shall preclude a finding that other provisions of the Speedy Trial Act dictate that additional time periods are excludable from the period within which a trial 8 9 must commence. IT IS SO STIPULATED. 10 11 Dated: March 13, 2023 PHILLIP A. TALBERT 12 **United States Attorney** 13 /s/ STEPHANIE M. STOKMAN 14 STEPHANIE M. STOKMAN Assistant United States Attorney 15 16 /s/ RICHARD OBERTO Dated: March 13, 2023 17 RICHARD OBERTO Counsel for Defendant 18 **GERALD DICKERSON** 19 20 Dated: March 13, 2023 /s/ REED GRANTHAM REED GRANTHAM 21 Counsel for Defendant **AMY WILLIAMS** 22 23 24 25 26

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1	<u>ORDER</u>	
2	IT IS SO ORDERED that the status conference is continued from March 22, 2023, to July 12,	
3	2023 at 1:00 p.m. before Magistrate Judge Barbara A. McAuliffe. Time is excluded pursuant to 18	
4	U.S.C.§ 3161(h)(7)(A), B(iv). However, in any request for a continuance, the parties shall explain	
5	when they will be ready to set a trial date.	
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8	IT IS SO ORDERED.	
9	Dated: March 16, 2023 /s/Barbara A. McAuliffe	
10	UNITED STATES MAGISTRATE JUDGE	
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